IN THE CLAIMS

- (Currently Amended) A method for providing a file system snapshot, comprising: <u>creating generating an initial</u> snapshot dataset for a source file <u>having at least</u>
 <u>one of metadata and data in a file system</u>, wherein the <u>initial snapshot dataset contains</u>
 substantially no data and no metadata;
- accepting, subsequent to the creating, a command to modify metadata in a second inode within the source file;

copying, in response to accepting the command to modify metadata, at least a portion of the metadata within the second inode into a first inode within the snapshot dataset, in response to only modifying metadata of the source file, at least a portion of metadata within a second inode corresponding to the source file; and

storing, in response to the accepting into the first inode, disk address values into the first inode that are equal to a ditto address, disk address is an invalid disk address the ditto address indicating that the true disk address for the actual data block is stored in one of an inode of the file system and a subsequent snapshot.

- 2. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, further comprising:
- appending data to the source file;

copying, in response to the appending, to the first inode in the snapshot dataset, in response to only appending to the source file, at least a portion of metadata within the second inode corresponding to the source file; and

storing, in response to the appending into the first inode, disk address values into the first inode equal to a the ditto address to indicate that the disk address is an invalid disk address is stored in one of an inode of the file system and a subsequent snapshot.

(Currently Amended) The method of claim 2, further comprising:
 modifying a source file by one of either overwriting and deleting one of the data
 blocks corresponding to the source file; and

copying, in response to the modifying, to the first inode in the snapshot dataset the second inode corresponding to the source file and copying to the snapshot dataset

the data block corresponding to the source file, when the data block corresponding to the source file is overwritten or deleted, wherein the first inode includes a disk address of the data block which was written in the snapshot dataset.

4. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 3, wherein the ditto address is an invalid disk address, the method further comprising:

accessing the first inode of the snapshot dataset corresponding to the source file;

determining whether the first inode includes a valid disk address;

reading, in response to determining that wherein if the first inode includes a valid disk address, then reading a data block referenced by the disk address; and

retrieving, in response to determining that wherein if the shadew first inode contains includes the ditto address, then retrieving the second inode of the source file and retrieving a data block referenced by a disk address in the second inode of the source file.

5. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 3, further comprising:

copying, in response to the modifying, to the first inode in the snapshot dataset the metadata within the second inode corresponding to the source file and copying to the snapshot dataset an indirect block corresponding to the source file and at least one data block corresponding to the source file, when at least one of the data blocks corresponding to the source file are overwritten or deleted, wherein the first inode includes a disk address of the indirect block which was written in the snapshot dataset and wherein the indirect block includes a disk address of at least one data block which was written in the snapshot dataset.

6. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 5, wherein the ditto address is an invalid disk address, the method, further comprising:

accessing the first inode corresponding to the source file; determining whether the first inode includes a valid disk address, retrieving, in response to determining that wherein if the first inode includes a

valid disk address, then retrieving an indirect block referenced by the valid disk address and at least one data block defined by at least one disk address in the indirect block; and

retrieving, in response to determining that wherein if the first inode does not include a valid disk address, retrieving the second inode of the source file, then retrieving an indirect block referenced by a disk address in the second inode of the source file and retrieving at least one data block referenced by at least one disk address in the indirect block.

- 7. (Currently Amended) A system for providing a file system snapshot, comprising: means for creating generating an initial snapshot dataset for a source file having at least one of metadata and data in a file system, wherein the initial snapshot dataset contains substantially no data and no metadata;
- means for accepting, subsequent to the creating, a command to modify metadata in a second inode within the source file;

means for copying, in response to accepting the command to modify metadata, at least a portion of the metadata within the second inode into a first inode within the snapshot dataset, in response to only modifying metadata of the source file, at least a portion of metadata within a second inode corresponding to the source file; and

means for storing, in response to accepting a command to modify metadata into the first inode, disk address values into the first inode that are equal to a ditto address, disk address is an invalid disk address the ditto address indicating that the true disk address for the actual data block is stored in one of an inode of the file system and a subsequent snapshot.

8. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 7, further comprising: means for appending data to the source file;

means for copying, in response to appending data to the source file, to the first inode in the snapshot dataset, in response to only appending to the source file, at least a portion of metadata within the second inode corresponding to the source file; and storing, in response to appending data to the source file into the first inode, disk

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address values <u>into the first inode</u> equal to a <u>the</u> ditto address to indicate that the disk address is an invalid disk address is stored in one of an inode of the file system and a <u>subsequent snapshot</u>.

9. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 8, further comprising:

means for modifying a source file by one of either overwriting and deleting one of the data blocks corresponding to the source file; and

means for copying, in response to modifying the source file, to the first inode in the snapshot dataset the second inode corresponding to the source file and copying to the snapshot dataset the data block corresponding to the source file, when the data block corresponding to the source file is overwritten or deleted, wherein the first inode includes a disk address of the data block which was written in the snapshot dataset.

10. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 9, wherein the ditto address is an invalid disk address, the system further comprising:

means for accessing a first inode of the snapshot dataset corresponding to the source file;

means for determining whether the first inode includes a valid disk address, means for reading, in response to a determination that the first inode contains a valid address, a data block referenced by the valid disk address; and

means for retrieving, in response to a determination that the first inode does not contain a valid address, an inode of the source file and retrieving a data block referenced by a disk address in the second inode of the source file.

11. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 9, further comprising:

means for copying, in response to modifying the source file, to the first inode in the snapshot dataset the metadata within the second inode corresponding to the source file and copying to the snapshot dataset an indirect block corresponding to the source file and at least one data block corresponding to the source file, when at least one of the data blocks corresponding to the source file are everwritten or deleted, wherein the first inode includes a disk address of the indirect block which was written in the

snapshot dataset and wherein the indirect block includes a disk address of at least one data block which was written in the snapshot dataset.

12. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 11, wherein the ditto address is an invalid disk address, the system further comprising:

means for accessing a first inode corresponding to the a source file;
means for determining whether the first inode includes a valid disk address,
means for retrieving, in response to determining that the first inode includes a
valid disk address, an indirect block referenced by the valid disk address and at least
one data block defined by at least one disk address in the indirect block; and

means for retrieving, in response to determining that the first inode does not include a valid disk address, the second inode of the source file, retrieving an indirect block referenced by a disk address in the second inode of the source file and retrieving at least one data block referenced by at least one disk address in the indirect block.

13. (Currently Amended) A computer readable medium including computer instructions for providing a file system snapshot, the computer instructions comprising instructions for:

creating generating an initial snapshot dataset for a source file having at least one of metadata and data in a file system, wherein the initial snapshot dataset contains substantially no data and no metadata;

accepting, subsequent to the creating, a command to modify metadata in a second inode within the source file;

copying, in response to accepting the command to modify metadata, at least a portion of the metadata within the second inode into a first inode within the snapshot dataset, in response to only modifying metadata of the source file, at least a portion of metadata within a second inode corresponding to the source file; and

storing, in response to the accepting into the first inode, disk address values into the first inode that are equal to a ditto address, disk address is an invalid disk address the ditto address indicating that the true disk address for the actual data block is stored in one of an inode of the file system and a subsequent snapshot.

14. (Currently Amended) The computer readable medium of claim 13, the computer instructions further comprising instructions for:

appending data to the source file;

copying, in response to the appending, to the first inode in the snapshot dataset, in response to only appending to the source file, at least a portion of metadata within the second inode corresponding to the source file; and

storing, in response to the appending into the first inode, disk address values into the first inode equal to a the ditto address to indicate that the disk address is an invalid disk address is stored in one of an inode of the file system and a subsequent snapshot.

15. (Currently Amended) The computer readable medium of claim 14, the computer instructions further comprising instructions for:

modifying a source file by one of either overwriting and deleting one of the data blocks corresponding to the source file; and

copying, in response to the modifying, to the first inode in the snapshot dataset the second inode corresponding to the source file and copying to the snapshot dataset the data block corresponding to the source file, when the data block corresponding to the source file is everwritten or deleted, wherein the first inode includes a disk address of the data block which was written in the snapshot dataset.

16. (Currently Amended) The computer readable medium of claim 15, wherein the ditto address is an invalid disk address, the computer instructions further comprising instructions for:

accessing the first inode of the snapshot dataset corresponding to the source file;

determining whether the first inode includes a valid disk address;

reading, in response to determining that wherein if the first inode includes a valid disk address, then reading a data block referenced by the disk address; and

retrieving, in response to determining that wherein if the shadew <u>first</u> inode eentains <u>includes</u> the ditto address, then retrieving the second inode of the source file

and retrieving a data block referenced by a disk address in the second inode of the source file.

17. (Currently Amended) The computer readable medium of claim 15, the computer instructions further comprising instructions for:

copying, in response to the modifying, to the first inode in the snapshot dataset the metadata within the second inode corresponding to the source file and copying to the snapshot dataset an indirect block corresponding to the source file and at least one data block corresponding to the source file, when at least one of the data blocks corresponding to the source file are overwritten or deleted, wherein the first inode includes a disk address of the indirect block which was written in the snapshot dataset and wherein the indirect block includes a disk address of at least one data block which was written in the snapshot dataset.

18. (Currently Amended) The computer readable medium of claim 17, wherein the ditto address is an invalid disk address, the computer instructions further comprising instructions for:

accessing the first inode corresponding to the source file; determining whether the first inode includes a valid disk address,

retrieving, in response to determining that wherein if the first inode includes a valid disk address, then retrieving an indirect block referenced by the valid disk address and at least one data block defined by at least one disk address in the indirect block; and

retrieving, in response to determining that wherein if the first Inode does not include a valid disk address, retrieving the second inode of the source file, then retrieving an indirect block referenced by a disk address in the second inode of the source file and retrieving at least one data block referenced by at least one disk address in the indirect block.

19. (Currently Amended) A system for providing a file system snapshot, comprising: an initial snapshot dataset for a source file containing data in a file system,

wherein the snapshot dataset is substantially empty;

means for accepting a command to modify metadata in a second inode within the source file; and

a first inode in the snapshot dataset, the first inode comprising metadata copied from second inode corresponding to the source file, wherein the first inode is generated in response to accepting the command only when metadata of the source file is modified and wherein a ditto address is stored first inode, the ditto address indicating that the stored disk address is an invalid disk address and indicates that the disk address is an invalid disk address and also indicates that the true disk address for the actual data block is stored in one of an inode of the file system and a subsequent snapshot.

- 20. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 19, wherein in the first inode, the metadata from the first inode is copied from the second inode corresponding to the source file, wherein the first inode is generated only when the data block corresponding to the source file is appended and wherein the ditto address is inserted into the first inode.
- 21. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 20, further comprising:

a data block corresponding to the source file in the snapshot dataset, wherein the data block is copied to the snapshot dataset when the original data block is overwritten; and

a first inode in the snapshot dataset, the first inode containing metadata copied from an inode in the source file, wherein the first inode is generated when the data block corresponding to the source file is overwritten or deleted and wherein the first inode includes a disk address of the data block which was written in the snapshot dataset.

22. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 21, further comprising:
a first Inode in a snapshot dataset, the first inode corresponding to a data block
within a source file:

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a ditto address value stored in the first inode to indicate an invalid disk address; and

an inode of the source file referencing the data block.

23. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 21, further comprising:

a first inode in a snapshot dataset, the first inode corresponding to an indirect block within a source file:

a ditto address value stored in the first inode to indicate an invalid disk address and to indicate that the disk address is an invalid disk address and that the true disk address for the actual data block is stored in one of an inode of the file system and a subsequent snapshot; and

an inode of the source file referencing the indirect block.

24. (Currently Amended) A method for deleting a first snapshot of a file system, comprising:

determining the existence of an snapshot that is older than a first snapshot;

determining, in response to determining that wherein if there is an older snapshot, determining the existence of a ditto address in the older snapshot to an inode or a data block in the first snapshot, wherein the ditto address indicates an invalid disk address and that the true disk address for the actual data block is stored in one of an inode of the file system and a subsequent snapshot; and

<u>deleting</u>, in response to determining that wherein if there is no older snapshot, deleting any inode or data block in the first snapshot.

25. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 24, further comprising:

wherein if there is a ditto address in the older snapshot, copying to the older snapshot the metadata in an inode or data block of an inode in the first snapshot and deleting any inode or data block in the first snapshot; and

wherein if there is no ditto address in the older snapshot, deleting any inode or data block in the first snapshot.

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26. (Currently Amended) A method for restoring a first snapshot of a file system, comprising:

accepting a request to read data from a first snapshot

determining if there is a most recent snapshot that is not the first snapshot;

copying, in response to accepting the request and in response to determining

thatwherein if there is a most recent snapshot, the most recent snapshot that is not

being the first snapshot, copying to the most recent snapshot any inode or data block in

the file system referenced by the most recent snapshot, which shall be modified by the

restoration of the first snapshot;

wherein if there is an inode or a data block in the first snapshot, copying the inode or data block in the first snapshot to the file system

determining that there is a ditto address in the first snapshot wherein the ditto address indicates an invalid disk address and also indicates that the true disk address for the actual data block is stored in one of an inode of the file system and a subsequent snapshot; and

copying, in response accepting the request and in response to determining that wherein if there is a ditto disk address in the first snapshot, wherein the ditto address indicates an invalid disk address, copying to the filesystem the inode or data block of the most recent snapshot that corresponds to an inode with the ditto disk address and that contains a valid disk address.